



SPECTRUM ANALYZER QUICK START GUIDE



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Real-time Spectrum Analyzer
up to 40 GHz

V1.6

23/09/2026

HROGIC

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1. Version Management

Version Update Description Table

Version	Content	Date
V1.6	1. Modified: SDK Installation (Linux) Section 2. Added: GPIO interface descriptions for the NXN and NXM Series, the NXE Series and NXN-400, and PX Series. 3. Modified: Minimum Linux system version requirements. 4. Modified: Obtaining NX-Series Instrument IP Addresses Section	23/09/2026
V1.5	1. Modified: GNSS Application Instructions Section 2. Added: connection instructions for the new PXN Series to the Direct Ethernet Connection and LAN Connection sections.	28/07/2026
V1.4	1. Added: PXN-45 / PXN-60 / PXN-90 Interface Description 2. Added: All-New Series LED light Description	17/03/2026
V1.3	1. Added: Include a chapter on Using the Accompanying Trigger Board 2. Added: 10 MHz Reference Clock Input/Output Section 3. Added: External Interface Description section for the All-New SAN Series Instruments 4. Added: GNSS Usage Section for the All-New SAN Series Instruments 5. Added: GPIO Usage Instructions Section	05/02/2026
V1.2	1. Modified: Renamed MUXIO to AUXIO 2. Modified: Description modification	10/11/2025
V1.1	1. Added: Added a GNSS version description section, distinguishing the connection steps for the old and new GNSS modules 2. Added: Added a section on outputting and Viewing the Intermediate Frequency Signal 3. Added: Added: a section on OTG Connection	04/09/2025
V1.0	1. Initial Version	30/07/2025

2. System requirements

SA/NX series are core instruments, and their spectrum analysis software must be installed on a host computer. The recommended host system requirements are listed in the table below:

The table provides only basic recommended configurations. For systems below these specifications, please verify with actual test results.

Table 1 System Requirements

Operating System	Windows 11/10/8/7, (requires VS2019 C++ redistributables) Ubuntu 22.04/20.04/18.04, Debian 12/11/10, Raspberry Pi OS 64bit
Architecture	Windows: x64, AArch64 (NX instruments only) Linux: x64, AArch64
Processor	Windows: Intel i3 or higher; AArch64 tested only on Snapdragon 8CX Gen2 Linux: Tested on Raspberry Pi 4B, RK3399, RK3588, etc.
Memory	4 GB or higher
Storage	For IQ signal recording: Ensure sustained write speeds exceed 400 MBytes/s
Data Interface	USB 2.0 or USB 3.0 (USB 3.0 recommended) IQ recording bandwidth and duration are limited by interface bandwidth
Display	Minimum resolution: 1280 × 768 pixels
Other Notes	Some antivirus software may cause system instability

3. SA Series Quick Start Guide

This chapter is a quick start guide to the SA Series, featuring safety instruction, using instruments, running the software and external interface description.

3.1 Safety Instruction

3.1.1 Power Adapter Selection

1. Adapter Selection: Prefer the original manufacturer-provided power adapter. Alternative: Select a compatible adapter according to the product manual.
2. DC Power Supply Requirements:
 - Voltage: $5\text{ V} \pm 0.25\text{ V}$ (i.e., $4.75\text{ V} - 5.25\text{ V}$)
 - Current: $\geq 3\text{ A}$ for new SAN series; $\geq 2\text{ A}$ for other models
 - Ripple: $< 200\text{ mVpp}$

Note: Failure to comply with these specifications may result in device damage. Please strictly follow the product manual requirements.

3.1.2 RF Input

For maximum damage input power (CW) and maximum DC voltage, please refer to the product manual, and strictly prohibit exceeding the limits to avoid irreversible damage to the instrument.

3.2 Using SA Series Instruments

3.2.1 Connecting the Device

1. Connect the instrument's **power port** to the power adapter using the Type-C cable and plug it into the socket;
2. Connect the instrument's **data port** to a computer or embedded device using a Type-C cable, USB 3.0 is recommended for best performance.

Note: It requires for 3 seconds for SA Series instruments operating normally after power-on.

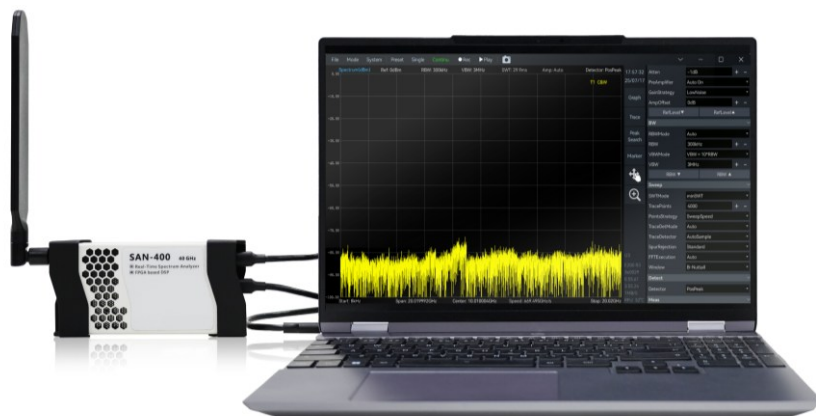


Figure 1 SA series connection diagram

3.2.2 Driver Installation (Windows)

The following part presents the instructions for driver installation using Windows 10 x64 as an example. Note: Windows 11 is compatible with Windows 10 drivers.

1. Check the computer system information, confirm the system version and number of bits;
2. Open the "Windows\HTRA_Driver\Win10_x64" folder in the supplied USB flash;
3. Right-click the "Install_Driver.bat" file and select "Run as administrator" from the pop-up menu to initiate driver installation;

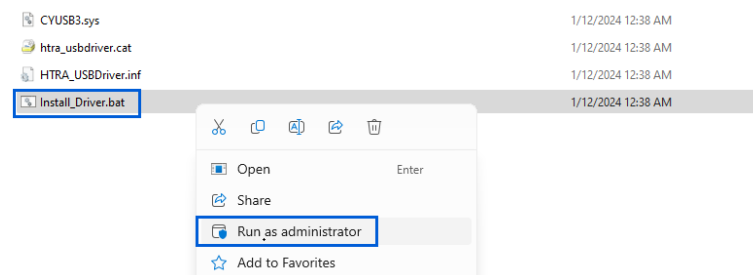


Figure 2 Installation of driver

4. The terminal appears "USB Driver Installation Succeeded" prompt, it means that the driver installation success.

3.2.3 SDK Installation (Linux)

The following will be an example of installing the driver in Ubuntu 18.04.

1. Copy the "Linux" folder from the supplied USB flash to the system;
2. Right-click on the "Linux/Install_HTRA_SDK" folder and select "Open in Terminal" to open the terminal;
3. In the terminal type `sudo sh install_usb_sdk.sh` and enter, according to the prompts to enter the current user password, and then enter again to confirm the installation;
4. After connecting the instrument, type `lsusb` in the terminal, such as ID:6430, ID:04b5 or ID:367f, it means the driver installation is successful.

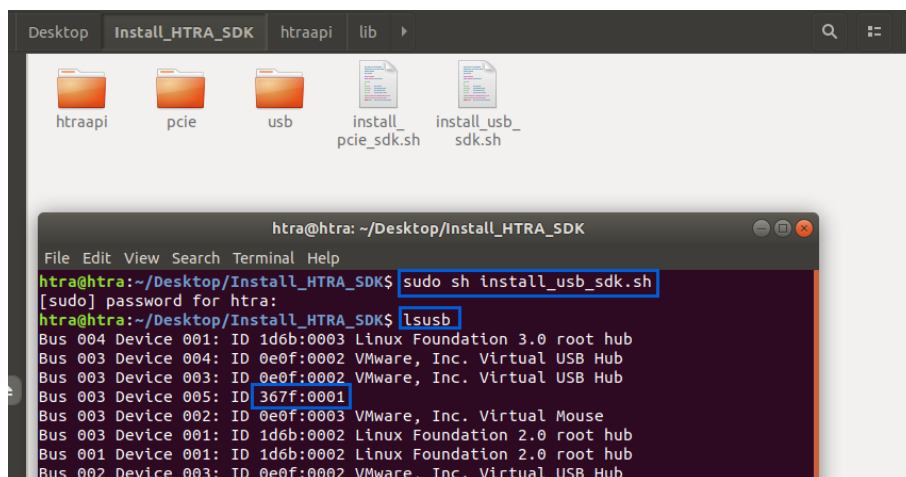


Figure 3 Installing the SDK and Checking the Instrument Connection in Linux

3.3 Running the Software

3.3.1 Windows System

By default, the instrument is properly connected and the driver is installed.

1. Copy the software folder in the "Windows" directory of the supplied USB flash drive to the desktop or other directories of your computer;
2. Enter the "\bin" folder in the software directory, run the executable program, and the spectrum display interface will be as follows.

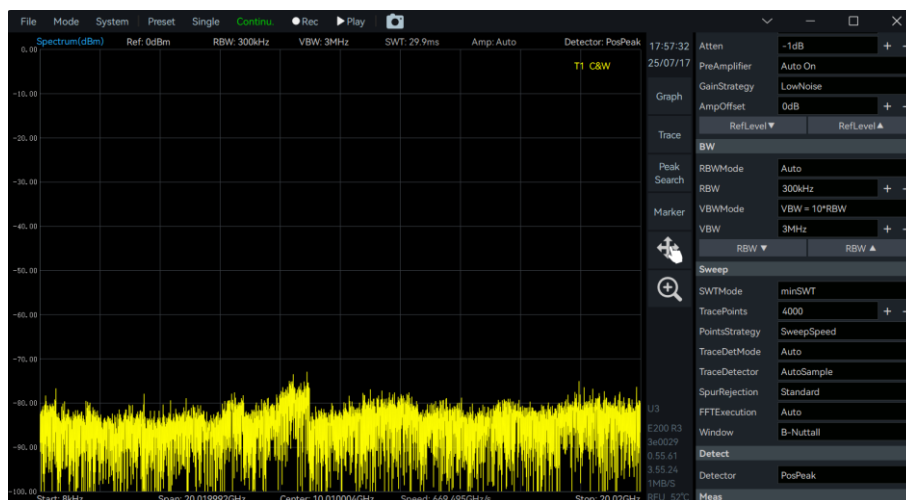


Figure 4 Initial software display

3.3.2 Linux System

By default, the instrument is properly connected and the driver is installed. GCC version 7.5 or above. GLIBC version 2.27 or above.

Software download link: <https://www.harogic.com/software-for-harogic-sa-nx-series-spectrum-analyzer/>

1. Download the compressed package of the software for the corresponding architecture from the official website**, copy it to the Linux system, and extract it;
2. Navigate to the directory containing the software installation package, right-click on a blank area of the folder, and select "Open in Terminal";
3. In the terminal, run "sudo sh ./install.sh", then enter the password as prompted to complete the installation;
4. After installation is complete, double-click the desktop software icon or enter "./app.sh" in the terminal to launch the software.

3.4 External Interface Description

3.4.1 SAN Series and SAM Series

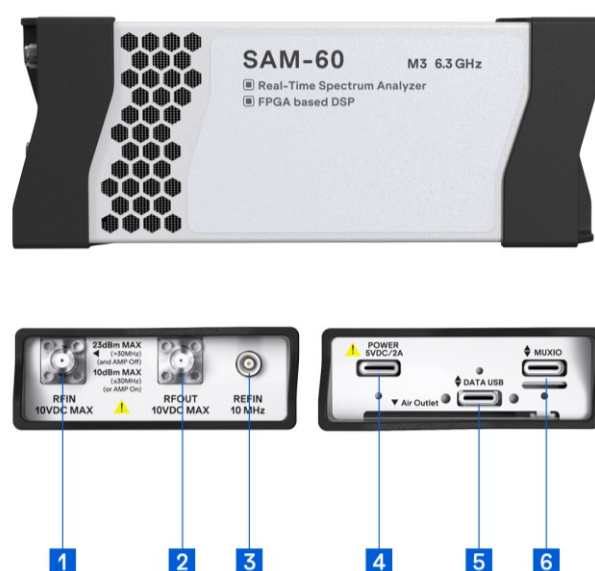


Figure 5 SAN and SAM Series Instrument Interface Description

Table 2 SAN Series and SAM Series Interface Description

Pin	Interface Name	Description
1	RF Input	SMA (F), Input Impedance 50 Ω
2	RF Output	SMA (F), Output Impedance 50 Ω (Available with "Built-in Signal Source" option)
3	Reference Clock Input	MCX (F), Amplitude ≥ 1.5 Vpp, Input Impedance 330 Ω . Supports Sine, Square, Peak Clipping Sine
4	Power Port	Instrument Charging Port, Type-C 5 V 2 A
5	Data Port	Type-C, USB 3.0 Recommended (USB 2.0 compatible, but bandwidth limited)
6	Multifunctional AUXIO	For detailed description, please refer to the table below.

Table 3 Description of Multi-function AUXIO PIN Interface of Port 6 (Illustration direction from left to right)

Pin	Name	Direction	Level Standard	Meaning
A1	GND	/	/	Ground
A2	NC	/	/	/
A3	EXT_TRG-IO1_F	I	3.3 V	External trigger input, up to 500 times/s.
A4	VEXT	O	/	Power Output, 5 V
A5	GND	/	/	Ground
A6	USART6_TX_F	/	/	/
A7	USART6_RX_F	/	/	/
A8	NC	/	/	/
A9	VEXT	O	/	Power Output, 5 V
A10	EXT_TRG-IO2_F	O	3.3 V	External trigger output
A11	USART6_IT_F	/	/	Reserved
A12	GND	/	/	Ground

3.4.2 SAE Series and SAN-400 Series

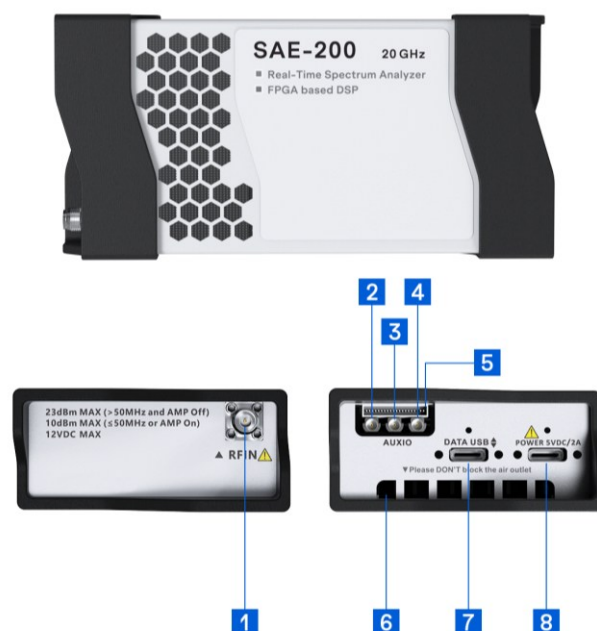


Figure 6 SAE and SAN-400 series instrument interface description

Table 4 SAE Series and SAN-400 Interface Description

Pin	Interface Name	Description
1	RF Signal Input	SAE-90 series instruments: SMA (F), input impedance 50 Ω SAE-200/SAN-400 series instruments: 2.92 mm (F), input impedance 50 Ω
2	Analog IF output	MMCX (F), maximum output power -25 dBm, output impedance 50 Ω
3	Reserved interface	/
4	Reference Clock Input	MMCX (F), Amplitude ≥ 1.5 Vpp, Input Impedance 330 Ω Supports Sine, Square, Peak Clipping Sine
5	Multifunctional AUXIO	For detailed description, please refer to the table below.
6	Heat dissipation vent	/
7	Data port	Type-C, USB 3.0 Recommended (USB 2.0 compatible, but bandwidth limited)
8	Power port	Instrument Charging Port, Type-C 5 V 2 A

Table 5 Description of Multifunctional AUXIO PIN Interface of Port 5 (Illustration direction from left to right)

Pin	Name	Direction	Level Standard	Meaning
1	EXT_TRG_IO1	I	3.3 V	Trigger input, up to 500 times/s
2	EXT_TRG_IO2	/	/	Reserved
3	EXT_TRG_IO3	O	3.3 V	Trigger output
4	GND	/	/	Ground
5	LFADC_INA	I	/	Low Frequency ADC Input
6	3V3D	O	/	Power output, 3.3 V Output
7	USART9_RX	/	/	/
8	GND	/	/	Ground
9	USART_TX	/	/	/
10	NC	/	/	/
11	NC	/	/	/
12	NC	/	/	/
13	GND	/	/	Ground
14	REFCLK_OUT	O	/	Reference clock output, can output 10 MHz standard clock signal

3.4.3 All-New SAN Series



Figure 7 All-New SAN series instrument interface description

Table 6 All-New SAN Interface Description

Pin	Interface Name	Description
1	RF Signal Input	N (F), impedance 50 Ω
2	GNSS Antenna Input	SMA (F)
3	Power Port	Instrument Charging Port, Type-C 5 V 3 A
4	Data Port	Type-C, USB 3.0 Recommended (USB 2.0 compatible, but bandwidth limited)
5	Reference Clock Input	MMCX (F), 10 MHz, Amplitude ≥ 1.5 Vpp, Impedance 330 Ω , Supports Sine, Square, Peak Clipping Sine
6	Reference Clock Output	MMCX (F), 100 MHz, Amplitude ≥ 0.3 Vpp, programmable on / off
7	Analog IF output	MMCX (F), maximum output power -25 dBm, output impedance 50 Ω , frequency 312.5 MHz $\pm$ 50 MHz
8	Multifunctional AUXIO	For detailed description, please refer to the table below.
9	LED Indicator	Green: Normal operation Red: Abnormal status Yellow: Remote update failed

Table 7 Description of Multifunctional AUXIO PIN Interface of Port 8 (Illustration direction from left to right)

Pin	Name	Direction	Level Standard	Meaning
1	TRG IN	I	3.3 V	Trigger input, maximum frequency response 500 times/s.
2	TRG OUT	O	3.3 V	Trigger output
3	Reserved	/	/	Reserved
4	GND	/	/	Ground
5	PPS OUT	O	3.3 V	XPPS output
6	3.3V	O	3.3 V	Power output, 3.3 V output
7	USRAT RX	/	3.3 V	/
8	GND	/	/	Ground
9	USART TX	O	3.3 V	/
10	Reserved	/	/	Reserved
11	Reserved	/	/	Reserved
12	Reserved	/	/	Reserved
13	GND	/	/	Reserved
14	Reserved	/	/	Reserved

4. NX Series Quick Start Guide

This chapter is a quick start guide to the NX Series, featuring safety instructions, instrument use, runtime software and external interface descriptions.

4.1 Safety Instructions

4.1.1 Power Adapter Selection

1. Primary Option: Always use the original manufacturer-provided power adapter. Alternative: If unavailable, select a compatible adapter with specifications matching those outlined in the product manual.
2. DC power supply requirements: voltage: 12 V (9 V to 12 V), current: minimum 2 A; peak ripple maximum 200 mVpp.

Note: Violation of specifications may result in damage to the instrument, follow the product manual strictly.

4.1.2 RF Input

For maximum damage input power (CW) and maximum DC voltage, please refer to the product manual, and strictly prohibit exceeding the limits to avoid irreversible damage to the instrument.

4.2 Using the NX Series Device

4.2.1 Connecting the Device

1. Connect the instrument's **power port** to the power adapter using the Type-C cable and plug it into the socket.
2. Use a network cable to connect the Gigabit network port (**LAN2**) of the instrument to the network port of the computer or embedded device for optimal performance (100 Mbps for **LAN1** and 1 Gbps for **LAN2**).

Note: NX series instruments need about 40 s to complete the self-start after power on, please wait patiently. Long press the power button for more than 5 seconds to switch off the instrument.



Figure 8 NX series connection diagram

4.2.2 Configuring the Network

NX Series Instrument Network Configuration Instructions:

- IPv4 address: "192.168.1.100" (not modifiable), "192.168.3.100" (modifiable)
- Subnet mask: "255.255.255.0"
- Bridge mode: enabled (LAN1/LAN2 logical interworking)
- Network access: via [LAN1](#) (100 Mbps) or [LAN2](#) (1 Gbps)

The host computer needs to set the IP of the same network segment as the NX instrument (e.g. "192.168.1.X" or "192.168.3.X") in order to be used normally, and the IP address of the host computer can be configured as follows:

1. Open "Settings" -> select "Network & Internet" -> select "Ethernet";
2. Enter Ethernet, find the IP section and click "Edit";
3. Select "Manual" mode and enable "IPv4", set the IP to "192.168.1.2" and the subnet mask to "255.255.255.0". Set the IP to "192.168.1.2" and subnet mask to "255.255.255.0";
4. Open the command prompt (Win + R -> enter "cmd"), the implementation of the command "ping 192.168.1.100", if you receive the following reply, it means that the network connection is successful.

```

C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd. x + v
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22631.4037]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\10418>ping 192.168.1.100

Pinging 192.168.1.100 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.1.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.1.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.1.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.1.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.100:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
  
```

Figure 9 Test instrument network connectivity (ping command)

4.3 Running the Software

Please refer to the [Running the software](#) section in SA Series Quick Start Guide chapter.

4.4 External Interface Description

4.4.1 NXN and NXM Series

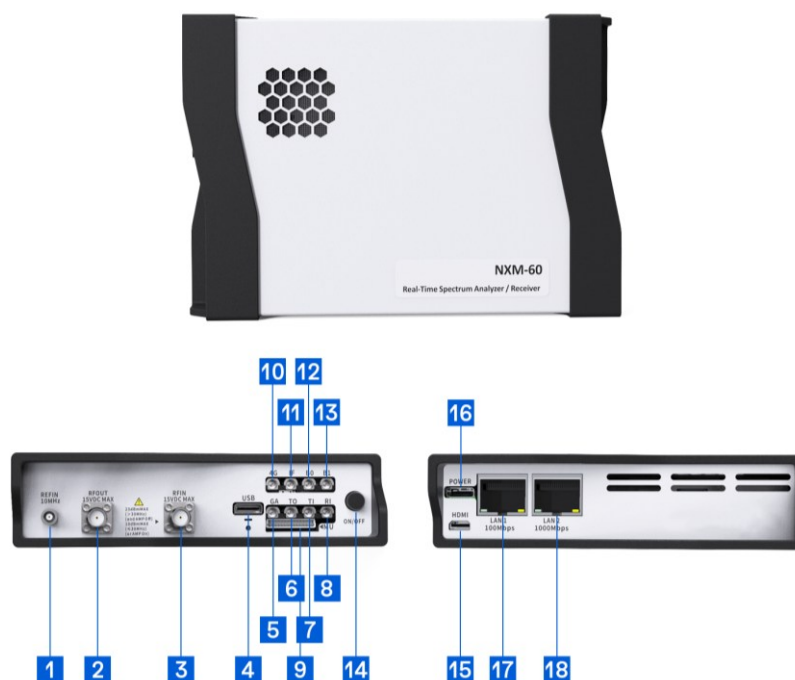


Figure 10 NXN and NXM Series Instrument Interface Description

Table 8 NXN Series and NXM Series Interface Description

Pin	Interface Name	Description
1	Reference Clock Input	MCX (F), Amplitude ≥ 1.5 Vpp, Input Impedance 330 Ω . Supports Sine, Square, Peak Clipping Sine
2	RF Output	SMA (F), Output Impedance 50 Ω (Available with "Built-in Signal Source" option)
3	RF Input	SMA (F), input impedance 50 Ω
4	USB	Type-C, USB 2.0
5	GNSS antenna input	MMCX (F)
6	Trigger output	MMCX (F), 3.3V CMOS
7	Trigger input	MMCX (F), 3.3V CMOS, high-impedance input, max trigger rate 500 times/s
8	Reference Clock Output	Provides high quality 10 MHz clock signal when equipped with internal DOCXO
11 12 13	Reserved Interface	/
9	Multifunctional AUXIO	For a detailed description, please refer to Table below.

10	4G Antenna Input	MMCX (F)
14	Instrument Switch	Switch the instrument on/off. The instrument starts up automatically on first power-up, eliminating the need to manually press the switch. During power-up, the instrument can be switched off and on again with a switch.
15	Reserved Interface	/
16	Power Port	Type-C PD3.0 12 V 2 A/9 V 2 A
17	LAN1	Fast Ethernet Port (100 Mbps)
18	LAN2	Gigabit Ethernet Port (1 Gbps)

Table 9 Description of Multifunctional AUXIO PIN Interface of Port 9 (Illustration direction from right to left)

Pin	Name	Direction	Level Standard	Meaning
1	GPIO0	O	3.3V CMOS	Programmable General-Purpose Digital Output
2	TRG IO2	/	/	Reserved
3	GPIO1	O	3.3V CMOS	Programmable General-Purpose Digital Output
4	GND	/	/	Ground
5	GPIO2	O	3.3V CMOS	Programmable General-Purpose Digital Output
6	3V3/5VIN	O	/	Power output, 5 V output
7	GPIO3	O	3.3V CMOS	Programmable General-Purpose Digital Output
8	GND	/	/	Ground
9	USART_TX_FP	/	/	Reserved
10 11 12	NC	/	/	/
13	GND	/	/	Ground
14	REFCLK_OUT_FP	O	/	Reference Clock Output, Outputs 10 MHz std. clock

4.4.2 NXE Series and NXN-400

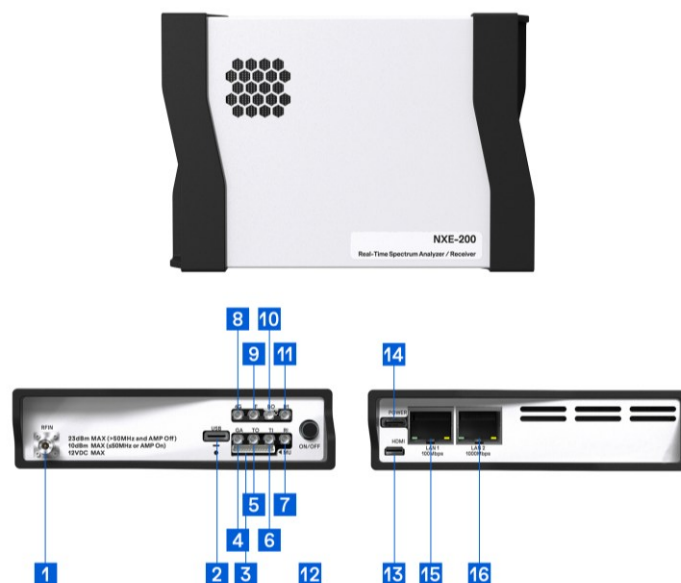


Figure 11 NXE and NXN-400 series instrument interface description

Table 10 NXE and NXN-400 Series Interface Description

Pin	Interface Name	Description
1	RF Input	NXE-90 series instruments: SMA (F), input impedance 50 Ω NXE-200/NXN-400 series instruments: 2.92 mm (F), input impedance 50 Ω
2	USB	Type-C, USB 2.0
3	Multifunctional AUXIO	For detailed description, please refer to the table below.
4	GNSS Antenna Input	MMCX (F)
5	Trigger Output	MMCX (F), 3.3V CMOS
6	Trigger Input	MMCX (F), 3.3V CMOS, high-impedance input, max trigger rate 500 times/s
7	Reference Clock Input	MMCX (F), Amplitude ≥ 1.5 Vpp, Input Impedance 330 Ω . Supports Sine, Square, Peak Clipping Sine
8	4G Antenna Input	MMCX (F)
9	Analog IF Output	MMCX (F), Max Output Power -25 dBm, Output Impedance 50 Ω
10, 11, 13	Reserved Interface	/
12	Instrument Power Switch	Switch the instrument on/off. The instrument starts up automatically on first power-up, eliminating the need to manually press the switch. During power-up, the instrument can be switched off and on again with a switch.
14	Power Port	Type-C PD 3.0 12 V 2 A/9 V 2 A

15 LAN1 Fast Ethernet Port (100 Mbps)

16 LAN2 Gigabit Ethernet Port (1 Gbps)

Table 11 Pin 3 Multi-function AUXIO Pin out Description (Pins ordered right-to-left in diagram)

Pin	Name	Direction	Level Standard	Meaning
1	GPIO0	O	3.3V CMOS	Programmable General-Purpose Digital Output
2	TRG IO2	/	/	Reserved
3	GPIO1	O	3.3V CMOS	Programmable General-Purpose Digital Output
4	GND	/	/	Ground
5	GPIO2	O	3.3V CMOS	Programmable General-Purpose Digital Output
6	3V3/5VIN	O	/	Power Output, 3.3V Output
7	GPIO3	O	3.3V CMOS	Programmable General-Purpose Digital Output
8	GND	/	/	Ground
9	USART_TX_FP	/	/	Reserved
10	SYNC_RXRFLO	/	/	Reserved
11	SYNC_ADCCLK	/	/	Reserved
12	SYNC_RXIFLO	/	/	Reserved
13	GND	/	/	Ground
14	REFCLK_OUT_FP	O	/	Reference Clock Output, Outputs 10 MHz std. clock

5. PX Series Quick Start Guide

This chapter is a quick start guide to the PX Series, featuring safety instructions, instrument use and external interface descriptions.

5.1 Safety Instruction

5.1.1 Safety Rules

- Visual inspection: ensure the appearance of the instrument is intact and free from damage.
- Accessory check: no damage to power cord, adapter
- Ventilation check: fan vents are kept clear
- Environment check: the instrument is dry and free of moisture and condensation, and the ambient temperature meets the requirements of the product specification
- Operation monitoring: Ensure that the fan is working properly and that the working temperature and humidity are in accordance with the product specifications
- Connection specification: all external interfaces are correctly connected and the RF input signal level meets the requirements of the product specification
- Power management: maintains battery at >5% of capacity
- Storage requirements: the instrument is completely switched off, and the temperature and humidity of the storage environment meets the requirements of the product specification

Note: Abnormal handling: Any damage or malfunction is found, please contact the official after-sales service in a timely manner

Note: Safety warning: It is strictly forbidden to open the shell of the instrument (to prevent electric shock)

5.1.2 Power Adapter Selection

Adapter Selection: Prefer the original matching power adapter. Alternative: Refer to the product manual to select the adapter with matching specifications.

Note: PXZ instruments must use the original factory-mounted power adapter; third-party alternatives are not supported.

Note: Violation of specifications may result in damage to the instrument, follow the product manual strictly.

5.1.3 RF Input

For maximum damage input power (CW) and maximum DC voltage, please refer to the product manual, and strictly prohibit exceeding the limits to avoid irreversible damage to the instrument.

5.1.4 Replacing the Ba

PX series instruments support the replacement of batteries, if you need to replace, please contact the official after-sales service channel to deal with, do not disassemble the instrument.

5.2 First Use of the Instrument

The instrument has been transported over a long distance, the battery power may be below 5%, it is recommended to connect the supplied power adapter before the first use, and then switch on the instrument.

5.2.1 Switching the Instrument On and Off

The instrument is switched on/off by the **power button** on the top of the instrument. When the instrument is switched on, the power indicator light is on; when it is switched off, the power indicator light is off.

5.2.2 Charging Indicator

When the instrument is connected to the power adapter, the charging status light flashes green to indicate that it is charging. When the battery is fully charged, the charging indicator light will change to a green constant light.

5.2.3 Running the Software

Press the power button, the instrument will enter the desktop environment after powering on and start the software automatically.

5.3 External Interface Description

5.3.1 PX Series

For ease of user operation, all interfaces of the instrument are integrated on the top panel.

Please refer to the table below for detailed descriptions of each interface.

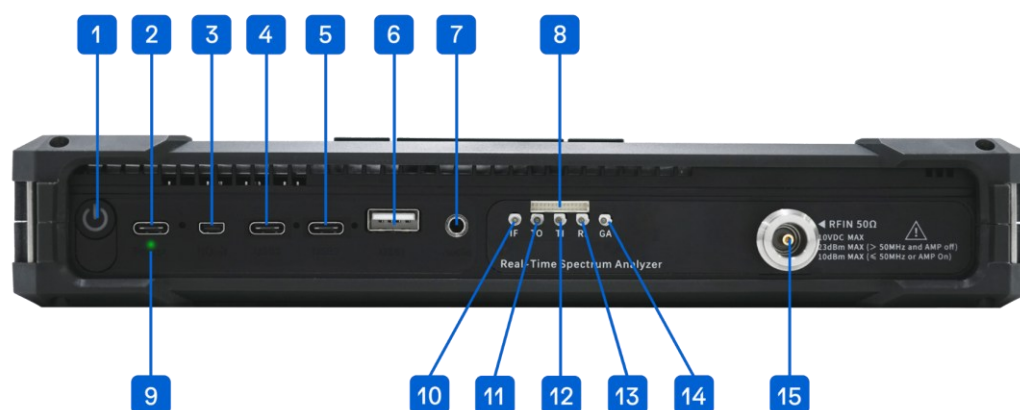


Figure 12 PX series instruments upper board interface description

Table 12 PX Series Interface Description

No	Interface Name	Description
1	Power Button	On/Off instrument
2	Charging port	Instrument charging port, USB PD3.0 (65W), please connect the power supply according to the instrument's required operating voltage
3	Micro HDMI	For extended display
4	USB3	USB interface: USB3 is USB 3.0 interface, USB1 and USB2 are USB 2.0 interface. This interface connects to external storage devices, USB keyboards, or mice. It can also be used to connect a driver-free Hub with an Ethernet port, allowing the instrument to be remotely controlled by a PC via network cable
5	USB2	
6	USB1	
7	Audio Output	3.5mm headphone jack. Volume can be adjusted via the menu: "System" -> "Device" -> "Volume."
8	Multifunctional AUXIO	For detailed description, please refer to the table below.
9	Charging Indicator	Green flashing means charging, green always on means full.
10	Analog IF output	MMCX (F), max. output power -25 dBm, output impedance 50 Ω
11	Trigger Output	3.3V CMOS

12	Trigger Input	MMCX (F), 3.3V CMOS, high-impedance input, max trigger rate 500 times/s
13	Reference Clock Input	MMCX (F), Amplitude ≥ 1.5 Vpp, Input Impedance 330 Ω . Supports Sine, Square, Peak Clipping Sine
14	GNSS Antenna	MMCX (F), Amplitude ≥ 1.5 Vpp,, input impedance 330 Ω
15	RF Signal Input	PXE-200: N (F), input impedance 50 Ω PXN-400: 2.4mm (M), input impedance 50 Ω

Table 13 Pin description for AUXIO interface 8 (from left to right)

Pin	Name	Direction	Level Standard	Meaning
1	GPIO0	O	3.3V CMOS	Programmable General-Purpose Digital Output
2	TRG IO2	/	/	Reserved
3	GPIO1	O	3.3V CMOS	Programmable General-Purpose Digital Output
4	GND	/	/	Ground
5	GPIO2	O	3.3V CMOS	Programmable General-Purpose Digital Output
6	3V3/5VIN	O	/	Power Output, PXN-400 and PXE series 5 V Output
7	GPIO3	O	3.3V CMOS	Programmable General-Purpose Digital Output
8	GND	/	/	Ground
9	USART_TX_FP	/	/	Reserved
10	SYNC_RXRFLO	I	3.3V	RF LO synchronization
11	SYNC_ADCCLK	I	3.3V	ADC clock synchronization
12	SYNC_RXIFLO	I	3.3V	IF LO synchronization
13	GND	/	/	Ground
14	REFCLK_OUT_FP	O	/	Reference clock output for 10 MHz standard clock signals

5.3.2 All-New PXN Series Interface Description

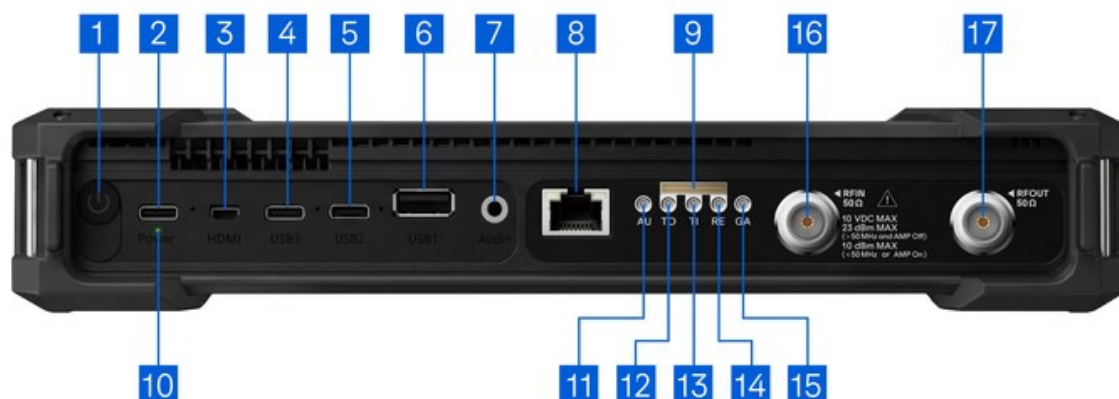


Figure 13 All-New PXN series instruments upper board interface description

Table 14 All-New PXN Series Interface Description

No	Interface Name	Description
1	Power Button	On/Off instrument
2	Charging Port	Instrument charging port, USB PD3.0 20 V 3.25 A, please connect the power supply according to the instrument's required operating voltage
3	Micro HDMI	For extended display
4	USB3	USB interface: USB2 is USB 3.0 interface, USB1 and USB3 are USB 2.0 interface. This interface connects to external storage devices, USB keyboards, or mice. It can also be used to connect a driver-free Hub with an Ethernet port, allowing the instrument to be remotely
5	USB2	
6	USB1	
7	Audio Output	3.5mm headphone jack. Volume can be adjusted via the menu: "System" -> "Device" -> "Volume."
8	Ethernet Port	Gigabit ethernet port
9	Multifunctional AUXIO	For detailed description, please refer to the table below.
10	Chargin Indicator	Green blinking means charging, green solid means fully charged
11	Analog IF Output	MMCX (F), max. output power -25 dBm, output impedance 50 Ω
12	Trigger Output	3.3V CMOS
13	Trigger Input	3.3V CMOS, high-impedance input, max trigger rate 500 times/s

14	Reference Clock Input / Output	Input: MMCX (F), Amplitude ≥ 1.5 Vpp, Input Impedance 330 Ω . Supports Sine, Square, Peak Clipping Sine Output: Reference clock output, output 100 MHz standard clock signal
15	GNSS Antenna	MMCX (F), amplitude ≥ 1.5 Vpp, input impedance 330 Ω
16	RF Signal Input	N (F), input impedance 50 Ω
17	RF Signal Output	N (F), output impedance 50 Ω

Table 15 Pin description for AUXIO interface 9 (from left to right)

Pin	Name	Direction	Level Standard	Meaning
1	TRG_EXTIN	I	3.3 V	External Trigger Input
2	REM_TRG_OUT	/	/	Reserved
3	RFM_TRG_IO3	O	/	Trigger Output
4	GND	/	/	Ground
5	RFM_TRG_IO4	O	3.3 V	1PPS Output
6	3V3D	O	/	Power Output, 3.3 V Output
7	USART1_RX	/	/	Reserved
8	GND	/	/	Ground
9	USART1_TX	/	/	Reserved
10	GPIO3	O	3.3V CMOS	Programmable General-Purpose Digital Output
11	GPIO2	O	3.3V CMOS	Programmable General-Purpose Digital Output
12	GPIO1	O	3.3V CMOS	Programmable General-Purpose Digital Output
13	GND	/	/	Ground
14	GPIO0	O	3.3V CMOS	Programmable General-Purpose Digital Output

5.3.3 PXZ Series

Please refer to the following table for detailed information on each interface¹².

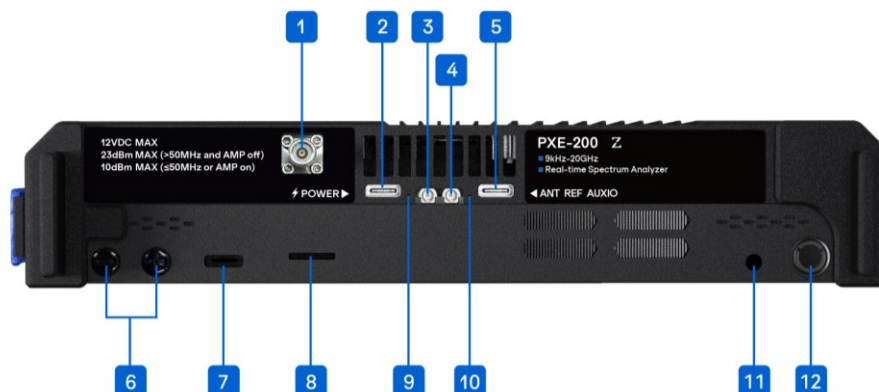


Figure 14 PXZ series instruments upper board interface description

Table 16 PXZ Series Interface Description

No	Interface Name	Description
1	RF Signal Input	PXE-200 Z: 2.92mm (M), input impedance 50 Ω PXN-400 Z: 2.4mm (M), input impedance 50 Ω
2	Charging port	Instrument charging port, USB PD (100W)
3	External Antenna Input	MMCX (F), amplitude ≥ 1.5 Vpp, input impedance 330 Ω
4	Reference Clock Input	MMCX (F), Amplitude ≥ 1.5 Vpp, Input Impedance 330 Ω . Supports Sine, Square, Peak Clipping Sine
5	Multifunctional AUXIO	For detailed description, please refer to the table below.
6	loudness	Increase/decrease instrument volume
7	USB	USB3.0 interface. Through this interface to connect the external expansion memory and USB keyboard, mouse; or connect the driver-free Hub with network port, through the network cable to connect to the PC, the PC to the instrument for remote control
8	SD Card Slot	Supports microSD, microSDHC or microSDXC memory cards for transferring data between the card and the instrument
9	Charging Indicator	Green flashing means charging, green always on means full.
10	GNSS Indicator	Blue indicates GNSS locked
11	Audio Output	3.5mm headphone jack. Volume can be adjusted via the menu: "System" -> "Device" -> "Volume."
12	Power Button	Switching the instrument on/off

Table 17 Port 5 Multi-function AUXIO PIN Connector Description (A1-A12 shown from left to right B1-B12 shown from right to left)

Pin	Name	Direction	Level Standard	Meaning
A1/A12	GND	/	/	Ground
A2 to A3 A5 to A8 A10 to A11	/	/	/	Reserved
A4/A9	VBUS OUT	O	/	Power supply 5 V output
B1/B12	GND	/	/	Ground
B2	REFCLK_OUT	O	/	Reference clock output for 10 MHz standard clock signals
B3	TRG_IO2	O	3.3 V	Trigger output, 3.3V CMOS
B4/B9	VBUS OUT	O	/	Power supply 5 V output
B10 B5-B8	/	/	/	Reserved
B11	EXT_TRGIN	I	3.3 V	External trigger input, 3.3V CMOS input, impedance is high resistance, maximum frequency response 500 times/s.

6. GNSS Application Instructions

This chapter describes how to verify the version of the EIO GNSS module, as well as how to obtain real-time positioning data using the internal GNSS, external EIO GNSS, or external USB GNSS modules.

6.1 Internal GNSS module

PX, NX, and the new SAN series instruments feature an internal GNSS module by default. To use it, simply connect the external GNSS antenna to the GNSS antenna connector of the corresponding instrument.

6.2 EIO GNSS module

Both USB and Ethernet-based instruments support the external EIO GNSS module. Before starting the software, please ensure that the EIO GNSS module, the instrument, and the GNSS antenna are connected; otherwise, the software will not be able to correctly identify the GNSS module.

6.2.1 Version Information

The EIO GNSS module refers to the company's in-house developed GNSS module, which is available in two versions: Version A and Version B. The two versions are functionally identical and differ only in their power supply methods. Please identify the module version in use according to the appearance diagrams below, and follow the corresponding section for connection and operation to ensure stable operation of the GNSS module.

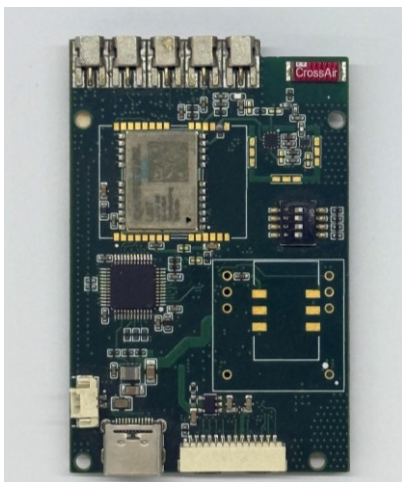


Figure 15 EIO GNSS module version A

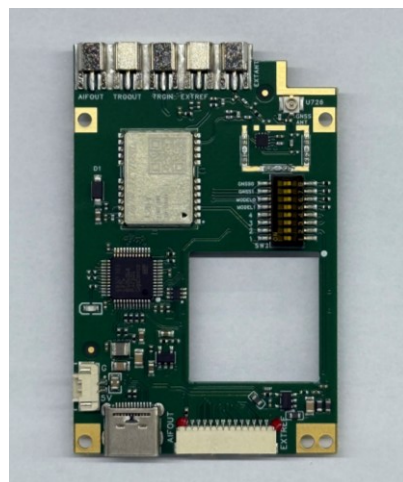
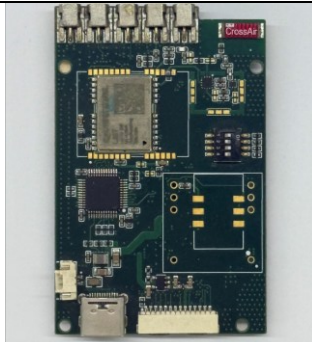
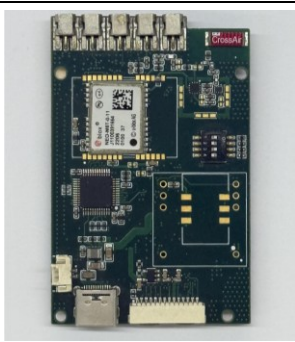
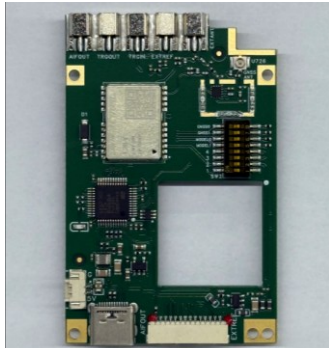
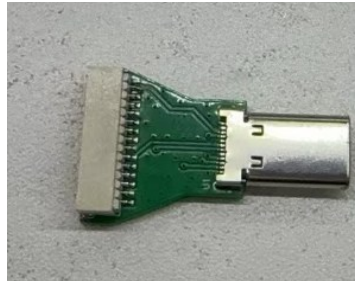


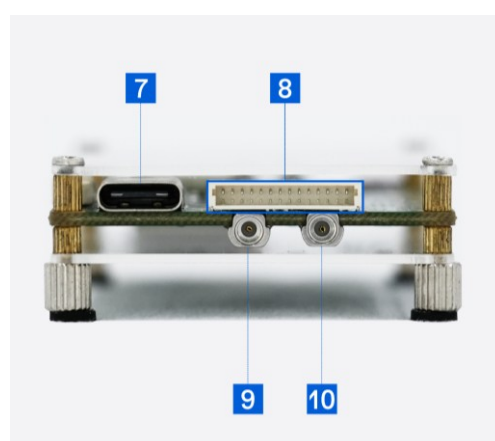
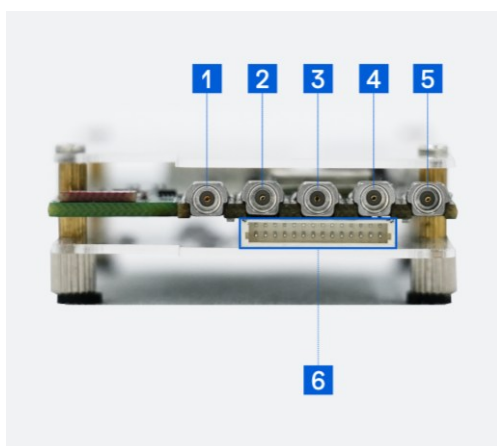
Figure 16 EIO GNSS module version B

6.2.2 Description of EIO GNSS Options

Note: 1PPS and 10MHz clock signal outputs from GNSS are not recommended when the GNSS module is unlocked.

		
Version A Standard GNSS Module	Version A Higher Precision GNSS Module	Version A Premium GNSS Module
		
Version B Standard GNSS Module	Version B Higher Precision GNSS Module	Version B Premium GNSS Module
		
Ribbon Cable (for connecting the external GNSS module to SA series instruments)	MMCX to SMA Cable (for connecting the antenna to the GNSS module)	AUXIO Multi-Function to Type-C (for connecting SAM/SAN series to the ribbon cable)
		
MCX to MMCX Cable (for connecting the reference input of SAM/SAN instruments to the reference output of the GNSS module)		MMCX Cable (for connecting the reference input of SAE/SAN-400 instruments to the reference output of the GNSS module)

6.2.3 Interface Description



1	External GNSS Antenna Interface	6	Reserved Interface
2	External Reference Input Interface	7	Auxiliary Power Supply Type-C Interface (only applicable to high-quality GNSS modules)
3	External Trigger Input Interface	8	AUXIO Multi-Function Interface (Trigger Input/Output)
4	Trigger Output Interface	9	Analog Intermediate Frequency (IF) Input Interface (for SAE/SAN-400 devices)
5	Analog Intermediate Frequency (IF) Output Interface (for SAE/SAN-400 devices)	10	10MHz Reference Clock Output for High-Quality GNSS Modules

6.3 USB GNSS Module

An USB GNSS module refers to a GNSS module produced by a third-party manufacturer that supports serial communication. Users can connect the serial output of the module to the instrument PC via a USB-to-serial cable. After the connection is established, the module communicates with the PC, is recognized by the system as a virtual serial port, and the GNSS data stream is parsed. Once a successful lock is achieved, GNSS information can be viewed in the software.

6.3.1 USB GNSS Module Connection

- **SA/NX Series:** Instrument connects to the USB 3.0 port of the host computer; USB GNSS module -> host computer USB port (using a USB-to-serial cable).
- **PX Series:** External GNSS module -> [Port 4](#) of the instrument (using a USB-to-serial cable).
- **New PXN Series:** External GNSS module -> [Port 5](#) of the instrument (using a USB-to-serial cable).
- **PXZ Series:** External GNSS module -> [Port 7](#) of the instrument (using a USB-to-serial cable).

6.4 EIO GNSS Module Connection

6.4.1 SAE/SAN-400 Series

The operating steps for connecting [Version A GNSS option](#) to the SAE and SAN-400 series instrument are as follows:

1. Instrument connection: Instrument [No. 5 AUXIO interface](#) -> GNSS module [No. 8 AUXIO interface](#) (with [the ribbon cable](#)), GNSS module indicator light blinking that is connected successfully.
2. External GNSS antenna connection: antenna -> GNSS module [No. 1 interface](#) (with [MMCX to SMA cable](#)), antenna receiving surface towards the unobstructed sky.
3. GNSS external power supply (high-quality modules only): use a Type-C cable to connect the GNSS module's [No. 7 interface](#) to the power adapter and plug it into an outlet.
4. Reference clock connection (high-quality module only): [MMCX connector No. 4](#) of the instrument -> [MMCX connector No. 10](#) of the GNSS module (with [dual-head MMCX cable](#)).

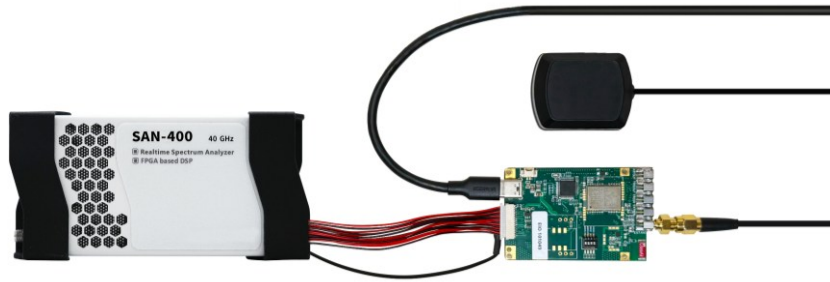


Figure 17 SAE/SAN-400 module connection with version A GNSS module diagram

The operating steps for connecting [Version B GNSS option](#) to the SAE and SAN-400 series instrument are as follows:

1. Complete the instrument connection and external GNSS antenna connection following Steps [1](#) and [2](#) of Version A;
2. GNSS External Power Supply: Use a Type-C cable to connect the GNSS module's [Interface 7](#) to the power adapter, and plug it into the socket;
3. Reference Clock Connection (for High-Quality Modules Only): Instrument [MMXC Interface 4](#) -> GNSS Module [MMCX Interface 10](#) (using a [dual-head MMCX cable](#)).

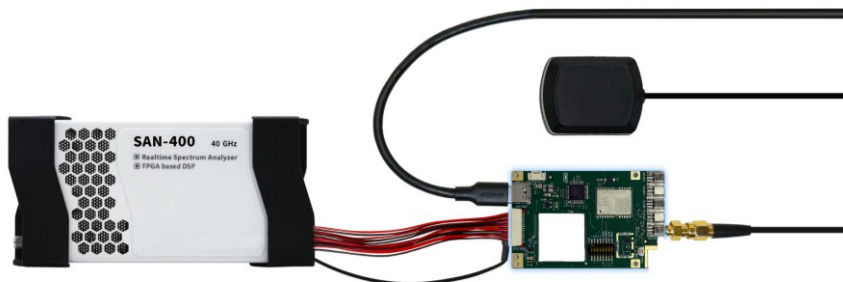


Figure 18 SAE/SEN-400 Module Connection Diagram for Version B GNSS Module

6.4.2 SAM/SAN Series

The operating steps for connecting [Version A GNSS option](#) to the SAM/SAN series instrument are as follows:

1. Instrument Connection: Instrument [No.6 AUXIO interface](#) -> GNSS module [No.8 AUXIO interface](#) (with [AUXIO to Type-C](#) and [Ribbon Cable](#)), GNSS module indicator light blinks that the connection is successful.
2. External GNSS antenna connection: antenna -> GNSS [module 1 interface](#) (with [MMCX to SMA cable](#)), antenna receiving surface towards the unobstructed sky.
3. GNSS external power supply (high-quality module only): Use a Type-C cable to connect the GNSS module's [No. 7 connector](#) to the power adapter and plug it into an outlet.

4. Reference clock connection (high quality module only): [MCX connector No. 3](#) of the instrument -> [MMCX connector No. 10](#) of the GNSS module (with [MCX to MMCX cable](#)).



Figure 19 SAN/SAM module connection with version A GNSS module diagram

The operating steps for connecting [Version B GNSS option](#) to the SAN/SAM series instrument are as follows:

1. Complete the instrument connection and external GNSS antenna connection following Steps [1](#) and [2](#) of version A;
2. GNSS External Power Supply: Use a Type-C cable to connect the GNSS module's [Interface 7](#) to the power adapter, and plug it into the socket;
3. Reference Clock Connection (for High-Quality Modules Only): Instrument [MCX Interface 3](#) -> GNSS Module [MMCX Interface 10](#) (using an [MCX-to-MMCX cable](#)).



Figure 20 SAN/SAM Module Connection Diagram for Version B GNSS Module

6.4.3 All-New SAN Series

The new SAN series instruments feature an internal standard GNSS module by default and can be used simply by connecting an external GNSS antenna. To further use a high-quality EIO GNSS module, follow the steps below to make the connections:

1. Instrument Connection: [AUXIO Port 8](#) of the instrument -> [AUXIO Port 8](#) of the GNSS module (using the [AUXIO-to-Type-C cable](#) and the [ribbon cable](#)). The connection is successful once the indicator light on the GNSS module flashes.

2. External GNSS Antenna Connection: Antenna -> [interface 1](#) of the GNSS module (using the [MMCX-to-SMA cable](#)), with the receiving surface of the antenna facing an unobstructed sky.
3. External GNSS Power Supply (for high-quality modules only): Use a Type-C cable to connect [interface 7](#) of the GNSS module to the power adapter, and plug the adapter into a power outlet.
4. Reference Clock Connection (for high-quality modules only): [MMCX Port 5](#) of the instrument -> [MMCX Port 10](#) of the GNSS module (using the [MCX-to-MMCX cable](#)).

6.4.4 NX Series

The NX series instruments feature an internal standard GNSS module by default and can be used simply by connecting an external GNSS antenna. To further use a high-quality EIO GNSS module, follow the steps below to make the connections:

1. Instrument Connection:
 - NXN and NXM Series(except NXN-400): [AUXIO Port 9](#) of the instrument -> [AUXIO Port 8](#) of the GNSS module (using the [AUXIO-to-Type-C cable](#) and the [ribbon cable](#)). The connection is successful once the indicator light on the GNSS module flashes.
 - NXE and NXN-400 Series: [AUXIO Port 3](#) of the instrument -> [AUXIO Port 8](#) of the GNSS module (using the [AUXIO-to-Type-C cable](#) and the [ribbon cable](#)). The connection is successful once the indicator light on the GNSS module flashes.
2. External GNSS Antenna Connection: Antenna -> [interface 1](#) of the GNSS module (using the [MMCX-to-SMA cable](#)), with the receiving surface of the antenna facing an unobstructed sky.
3. External GNSS Power Supply (for high-quality modules only): Use a Type-C cable to connect [interface 7](#) of the GNSS module to the power adapter, and plug the adapter into a power outlet.
4. Reference Clock Connection (for high-quality modules only):
 - NXN and NXM Series (except NXN-400): [MMCX Port 1](#) of the instrument -> [AUXIO Port 8](#) of the GNSS module (using the [AUXIO-to-Type-C cable](#) and the [ribbon cable](#)).
 - NXE and NXN-400 Series: [MMCX Port 7](#) of the instrument -> [AUXIO Port 8](#) of the GNSS module (using the [AUXIO-to-Type-C cable](#) and the [ribbon cable](#)).

7. Using the Accompanying Trigger Board

This chapter explains how to connect and use the accompanying trigger board on SA, NX, and PX series instruments, including trigger input/output and 10MHz reference clock output functions.

7.1 Interface Overview

7.1.1 Introduction to the Trigger Board for SA/NX/PX Series

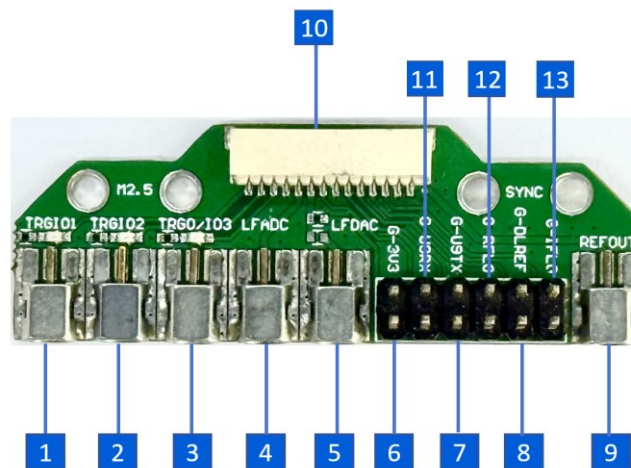


Figure 21 SA/NX/PX Series Accompanying Trigger Board Interface Diagram

Table 18 SA/NX/PX Series Interface Description

Pin	Name	Direction	Level Standard	Meaning
1	TRGIO1	I	3.3V	Trigger Input
2	TRGIO2	/	/	Reserved
3	TRGO/IO3	O	3.3V	Trigger Out
4	LFADC	/	/	Reserved
5	LFADC	/	/	Reserved
6	G-3V3	O	/	Power Output, 3.3V
7	G-U9TX	/	/	Reserved
8	G-DLREF	/	/	Reserved
9	REFOUT	O	/	Reference clock output, certain devices can output a 10 MHz standard clock signal through this port
10	AUXIO	/	/	Multi-Function Port

11	G-U9RX	/	/	Reserved
12	G-RFLO	/	/	Reserved
13	G-IFLO	/	/	Reserved

7.1.2 Introduction to the Trigger Board Interfaces for the PXZ Series

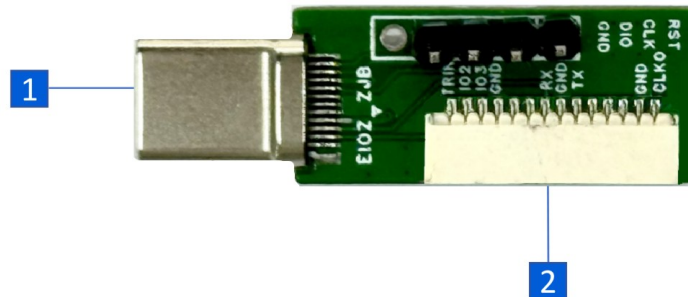


Figure 22 Description of the Trigger Board Interfaces for the PXZ Series

Table 19 Description of the Trigger Board Interfaces for the PXZ Series

Pin	Interface Name	Description
1	Type-C multifunction port	Connected to the multifunction AUXIO port of the PXZ Series.
2	14-pin multifunction port	For a detailed description, please refer to Table below.

Table 20 Description of the 14-pin Multifunction Port (Orientation from Left to Right)

Pin	Name	Direction	Level Standard	Meaning
1	TRG_IO1	I	3.3V	External Trigger Input
2	TRG_IO2	/	/	Reserved
3	TRGO/IO3	O	3.3V	Trigger Output
4	GND	/	/	Ground
5	UART_IT	/	/	Reserved
6	3V3DIN	O	/	Power Output, 3.3V
7	UART_RX	/	/	Reserved
8	GND	/	/	Ground
9	UART_TX	/	/	Reserved
10-12	NC	/	/	Reserved
13	GND	/	/	Ground
14	REFOUT	O	/	Reference clock output for 10 MHz standard clock signals

7.2 Connection Diagram

7.2.1 SAE/SAN-400 Series

1. Connect the ribbon cable: Instrument [AUXIO interface No.5](#) -> 14-pin ribbon cable.
2. Connect the trigger board: 14-pin ribbon cable -> Trigger board [multifunction port No.10](#).



Figure 23 SAE and SAN-400 Series Instruments Connection to External Trigger Module

7.2.2 SAN/SAM Series

1. Connect AXUIO multifunction to Type-C: Instrument [AUXIO interface No.6](#) -> [AUXIO to Type-C adapter](#);
2. Connect the ribbon cable: [AUXIO to Type-C adapter](#) -> 14-pin ribbon cable;
3. Connect the trigger board: 14-pin ribbon cable -> Trigger board [multifunction port No.10](#).



Figure 24 SAN/SAM Series Instruments Connection to External Trigger

7.2.3 All-New SAN Series

1. Connect the ribbon cable: Instrument [AUXIO Interface 8](#) -> 14-pin ribbon cable
2. Connect the trigger board: 14-pin ribbon cable -> Trigger Board [multifunction Port 10](#)



Figure 25 Connection Diagram of SAN Series with the Companion Trigger Board

7.2.4 NX Series

The trigger input/output interface of NX series instruments is located at the MMCX (F) port on the instrument and is not integrated into the AUXIO port. The 10MHz reference clock can be output via the multifunction AUXIO port with the trigger board. The specific connection method is as follows:

1. **NXE/NXN-400 series:** Instrument [AUXIO interface No.3](#) -> 14-pin ribbon cable -> Trigger board [multifunction port No.10](#);
2. **NXM/NXN series:** Instrument [AUXIO interface No.9](#) -> 14-pin ribbon cable -> Trigger board [multifunction port No.10](#).

7.2.5 PX Series

The trigger input/output of PX series instruments is located at the MMCX (F) port on the instrument and is not integrated into the AUXIO port. The 10MHz reference clock can be output via the multifunction AUXIO port with the trigger board. The connection is as follows:

Instrument [AUXIO interface No.8](#) -> 14-pin ribbon cable -> Trigger board [multifunction port No.10](#).

7.2.6 All-New PXN Series

The new PXN series instruments can output a 100 MHz reference clock via the multifunction AUXIO port when connected to a trigger board. The specific connection is as follows:

Instrument [AUXIO interface No.9](#) -> 14-pin ribbon cable -> Trigger board [multifunction port No.10](#).

7.2.7 PXZ Series

Connect AUXIO multi-function to Type-C: Instrument [AUXIO Interface 5](#) -> Trigger Board [multifunction Port 1](#).

8. Reference Clock Input and Output

This chapter describes how to use the reference clock input and output function on SA, NX, and PX series instruments.

8.1 Reference Clock Input

8.1.1 Hardware Connection

1. SAN/SAM Series: Reference clock source -> Instrument [MCX \(F\) Interface 3](#).
2. SAE/SAN-400 Series: Reference clock source -> Instrument [MMCX \(F\) Interface 4](#).
3. All-New SAN Series: Reference clock source -> Instrument [MMCX \(F\) Interface 5](#).
4. NXN/NXM Series: Reference clock source -> Instrument [MCX \(F\) Interface 1](#).
5. NXE/NXN-400 Series: Reference clock source -> Instrument [MMCX \(F\) Interface 7](#).
6. PX Series: Reference clock source -> Instrument [MMCX \(F\) Interface 13](#).
7. All-New PXN Series: Reference clock source -> Instrument [MMCX \(F\) Interface 14](#).
8. PXZ Series: Reference clock source -> Instrument [MMCX \(F\) Interface 4](#).

8.1.2 Software Operation

In the main settings area of the software, click "System" -> "RefCLKSource", select "External", and set the "RefCLKFreq" to 10 MHz.

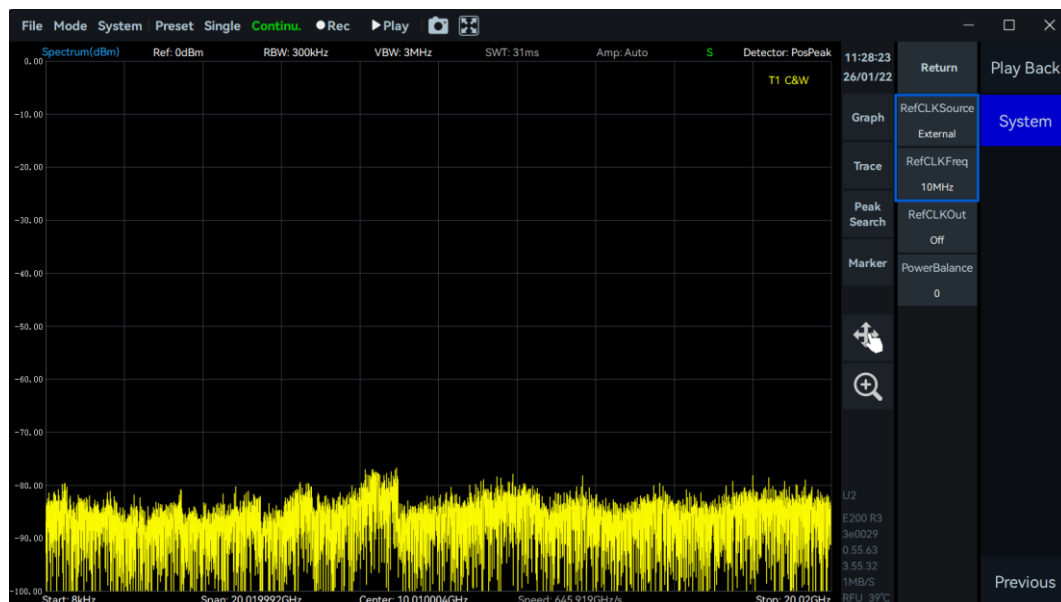


Figure 26 Setting the External Reference Clock Source

8.2 Reference Clock Output

8.2.1 Hardware Connection

1. SAN/SAM Series: No reference clock output function.
2. SAE/SAN-400 Series: Connect the instrument to the companion trigger board; Trigger Board [MMCX \(F\) Interface 9](#) -> Instrument requiring the reference clock.
3. All-New SAN Series: Instrument [MMCX \(F\) Interface 6](#) -> Instrument requiring the reference clock.
4. NX Series: Connect the instrument to the companion trigger board; Trigger Board [MMCX \(F\) Interface 9](#) -> Instrument requiring the reference clock.
5. PX Series: Connect the instrument to the companion trigger board; Trigger Board [MMCX \(F\) Interface 9](#) -> Instrument requiring the reference clock.
6. All-New PXN Series: Instrument [MMCX \(F\) Interface 14](#) -> Instrument requiring the reference clock.
7. PXZ Series: Connect the instrument to the companion trigger board; Trigger Board [14-pin Multi-function Interface 2](#) -> [Other series companion trigger board](#) (via 14-pin ribbon cable); Other series companion trigger board [MMCX\(F\) Interface 9](#) -> Instrument requiring the reference clock.

8.2.2 Software Operation

In the main settings area of the software, click "System" and enable "RefCLKOut".

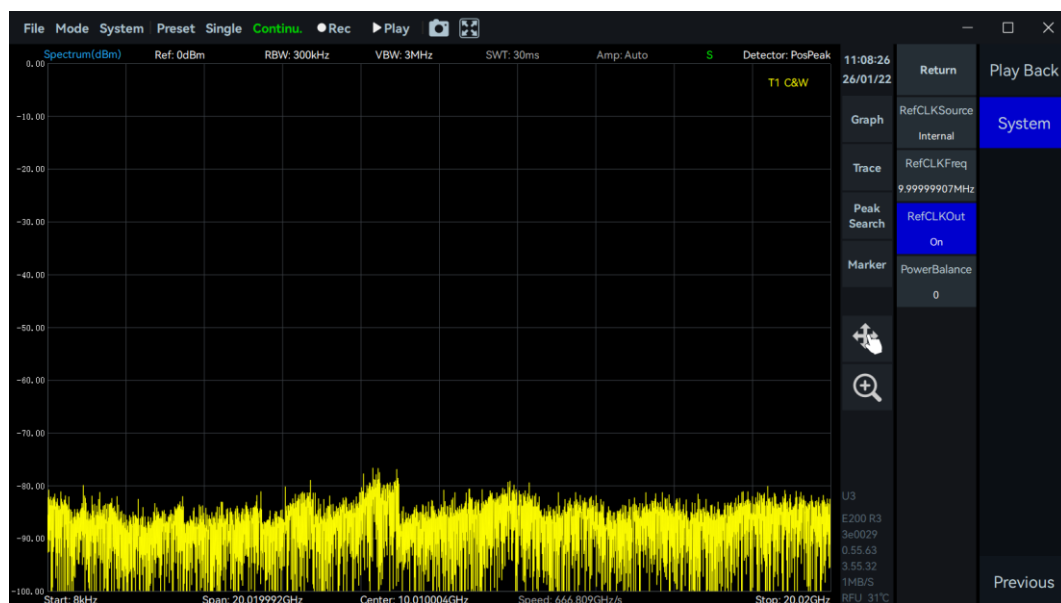


Figure 27 Setting the Reference Clock Output

9. Analog IF output

9.1 Output Intermediate Frequency Signal

1. Connect the signal generator to the instrument's RF input interface, with the signal generator outputting a 1 GHz, 0 dBm signal;
2. Switch the software to Receiver/IQ Stream mode, ensuring that the instrument outputs a stable intermediate frequency (IF) signal;
3. Output the IF signal generated by the instrument to other measuring instruments for viewing through the following interface.
 - SAE/SAN-400 Series: [Interface 2](#)
 - All-New SAN Series: [Interface 7](#)
 - NXE/NXN-400 Series: [Interface 9](#)
 - PX Series: [Interface 10](#)
 - All-New PXN Series: [Interface 11](#)

9.2 Viewing the IF Signal

1. The frequency of the simulated intermediate frequency output signal is between about 307.2 MHz $\pm$ 50 MHz, with a maximum output power of -25 dBm and an output impedance of 50 Ω . The center frequency of the simulated IF output for each instrument can be found in the IF calibration file within the "/bin/CalFile" folder of the instrument's software directory;

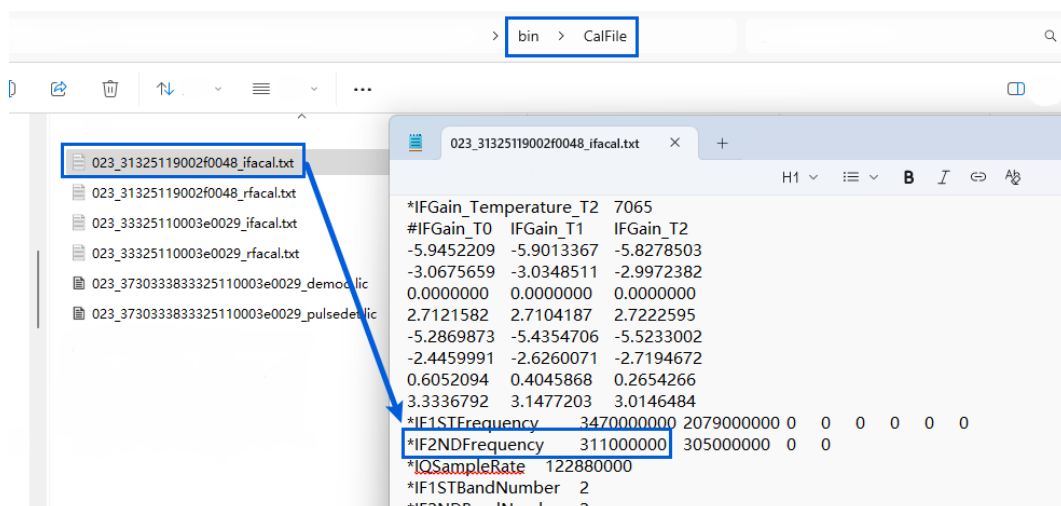


Figure 28 View the simulated intermediate frequency output frequency points

2. Set the "Center Frequency" of the measuring instrument to 311 MHz (refer to the corresponding calibration file for the specific value), and keep the other parameters at their default settings. Then, view the intermediate frequency output.



Figure 29 View the intermediate frequency output signal.

10. GPIO Usage Instructions

This chapter describes how to connect the EIO expansion board to the SA series instruments and control the output levels of the various GPIO interfaces.

10.1 EIO Expansion Board Interface Description

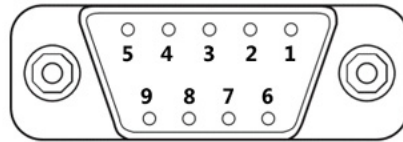


Figure 30 EIO Expansion Board Interface Description

Table 21 Pin Description of the EIO Expansion Board Interface

Pin	Description
1	GPIO0
2	GPIO2
3	GPIO4
4	GPIO6
5	GND
6	GPIO1
7	GPIO3
8	GPIO5
9	GPIO7

10.2 EIO Expansion Board Connection

EIO Expansion Board 14-Pin Connector → SA series Instrument AUXIO Connector.

After connection, select "System" -> "GPIO" from the software menu bar to control the output level of each GPIO port.

ON: Outputs a 3.3 V high level.

OFF: Outputs a low level.

11. Modify the IP address of the NX-Series instrument

Go to the official website of HAROGIC ([NX Device IP Address Configuration Tool | Software defined radios-HAROGIC](#)) to download and extract the "SetEthernetAddressTool.zip" folder to your desktop or other directory.

11.1 Obtaining NX-Series Instrument IP Addresses

1. Default IP address: "192.168.1.100" (not modifiable), "192.168.3.100" (modifiable).
2. Instruments through the direct connection or access to the router, to ensure that and the host computer in the same network segment.
3. Run "SetEthernetAddressTool\SetDeviceIPAddr.exe" to check the IP address of the instrument.

11.2 Modifying NX-Series Instrument IP Addresses

11.2.1 Notes on IP modification

1. To ensure that the IP of the receiver network card and the host computer other non-physical connection of the network card's IP address is in a different network segment, in order to avoid network conflicts.
2. The IP address must not end in ".0", ".1" or ".255" as these addresses may have special purposes on a network, such as a network address, gateway address, or broadcast address. Using them may result in communication issues.

11.2.2 IP Modification Procedure

Run "NX Series Instrument IP Configuration\SetEthernetAddressTool\SetDeviceIPAddr.exe".

1. Single instrument
 - Enter the IP address (in standard format, e.g., 192.168.3.101)
 - Enter the subnet mask (CIDR format, e.g. 255.255.255.0)
 - Press the Enter key to execute the modification, and the prompt "Change ip address successfully" indicates success

```

Number of current devices : 1
Local IP : 192.168.1.101 Local Mask : 255.255.255.0
-----
Device Number: 0
UID : 4248500a00190020
IP : 192.168.3.100
Mask : 255.255.255.0
-----
Please input a new IP address : 192.168.1.3
Please input a new subnet mask : 255.255.255.0
Change ip address successfully
Whether to continue ? (y to continue to change ip address or enter any key to exit)
|

```

Figure 31 Single NX Instrument Modification IP

2. Multiple instruments

- Enter the instrument numbers in sequence (each instrument corresponds to a unique Device Number, take the instrument with UID 33325110003e0029 as an example)
- Enter the IP address and subnet mask (in the same format as above)
- Press the Enter key to execute the modification, and the prompt "Change ip address successfully" indicates success

```

Number of current devices : 2
Local IP : 192.168.1.101 Local Mask : 255.255.255.0
-----
Device Number: 0
UID : 33325110004d004e
IP : 192.168.100.66
Mask : 255.255.255.0
-----
Device Number: 1
UID : 4248500a00190020
IP : 192.168.1.3
Mask : 255.255.255.0
-----
Please input "Device Number" that needs to be configured : 0
Please input a new IP address : 192.168.1.4
Please input a new subnet mask : 255.255.255.0
Change ip address successfully
Whether to continue ? (y to continue to change ip address or enter any key to exit)
|

```

Figure 32 IP modification for multiple NX instruments

12. PX Remote Control Guide

12.1 Direct Ethernet Connection

1. Connect the device according to the device model;
 - PXE and PXN-400 Series: Connect the driverless docking station with network port to the USB 3.0 interface (USB3) on the upper panel of the instrument, and connect it to the network port of the computer or embedded instrument via a network cable. Note: USB1 and USB2 are USB 2.0 interfaces, it is recommended to use the USB3 interface in preference for better performance.
 - All-New PXN Series: Connect an Ethernet cable to the Ethernet port on the instrument's front panel, and then connect the other end to the Ethernet port of the computer or embedded device. The new PXN Series features a built-in Ethernet port and does not require a driver-free USB-to-Ethernet adapter.



Figure 33 External drive-free docking station with network port

2. Exit the current host computer software, enter the PC "Settings -> Network and Internet -> Properties", manually configure the IPv4 address (such as "192.168.1.2") and subnet mask ("255.255.255.0"), ensure that the same network segment as the instrument IP ("192.168.1.100"), and the instrument IP ("192.168.1.100"). "255.255.255.0", make sure that it is in the same network segment as the instrument IP ("192.168.1.100");

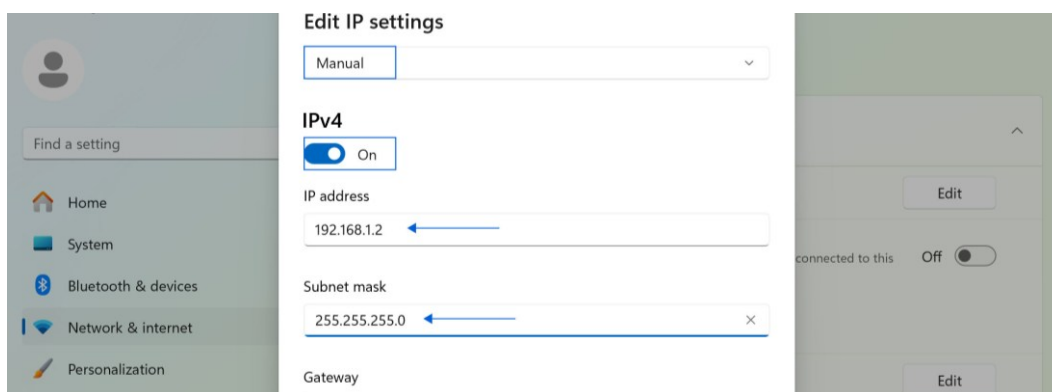


Figure 34 Configuring IP Addresses and Subnet Masks

3. Through the cmd execution "ping 192.168.1.100" to verify network connectivity;

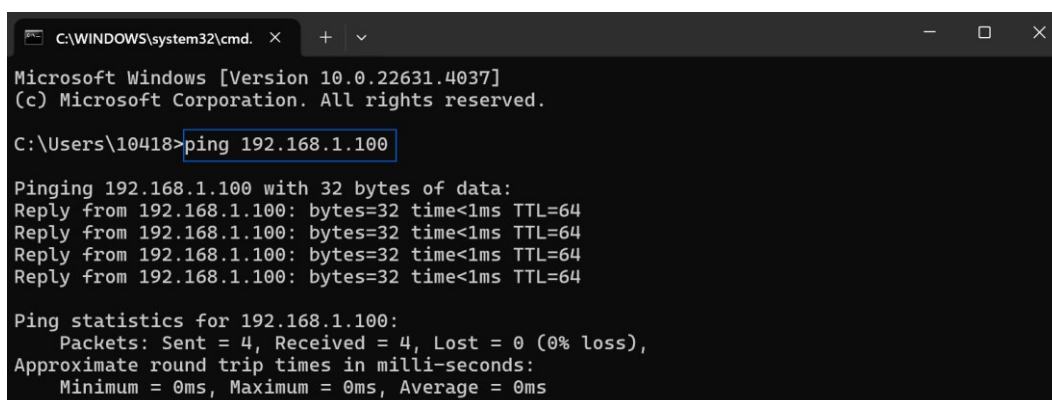


Figure 35 Test instrument network connectivity (ping command)

4. Double-click to open the PC host software directory "configuration\Settings.ini" file, set Interface = ETH;
5. From the userdata folder on the desktop of the instrument, enter the "/bin/CalFile" path of the software to get the calibration file and save it to the "\bin/CalFile" directory of the corresponding software on the PC;

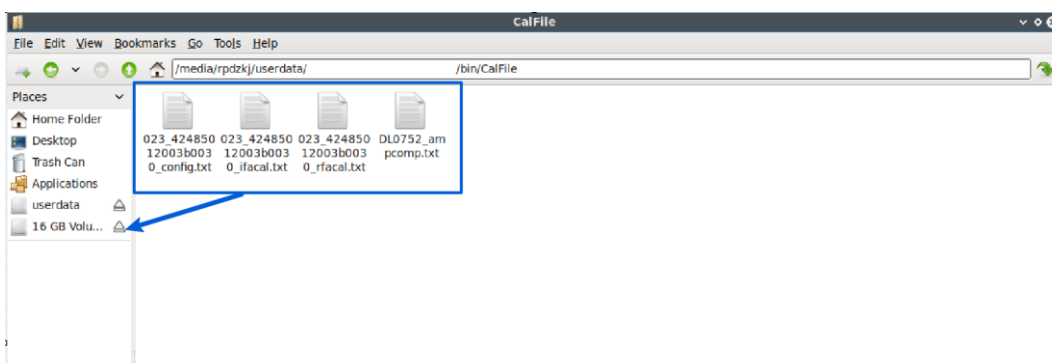


Figure 36 Obtaining Instrument Calibration Documentation

6. Start the executable programme in the "/bin" folder in the software directory of the PC to achieve remote control of the PX series instruments.

⚠ Note: The instrument and the PC software cannot be switched on at the same time.

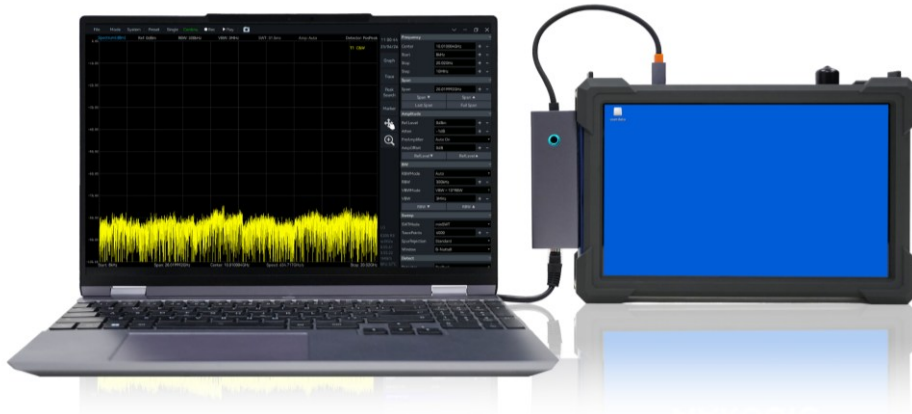


Figure 37 Direct Ethernet Connection for Remote Control of PX Instruments

12.2 LAN Connection

1. Connect the device according to the device model;
 - PXE and PXN-400 Series: Connect the driverless docking station with network port to the USB 3.0 interface (USB3) on the upper panel of the instrument, and connect it to the network port of the computer or embedded instrument via a network cable. Note: USB1 and USB2 are USB 2.0 interfaces, it is recommended to use the USB3 interface in preference for better performance.
 - All-New PXN Series: Connect an Ethernet cable to the Ethernet port on the instrument's front panel, and then connect the other end to the Ethernet port of the computer or embedded device. The new PXN Series features a built-in Ethernet port and does not require a driver-free USB-to-Ethernet adapter.



Figure 38 Connecting the Router to the Instrument

2. Click the menu bar "File" -> "Exit", exit the software interface in the instrument;
3. Click "userdata" -> "Tools" -> "Open Current Folder in Terminal";

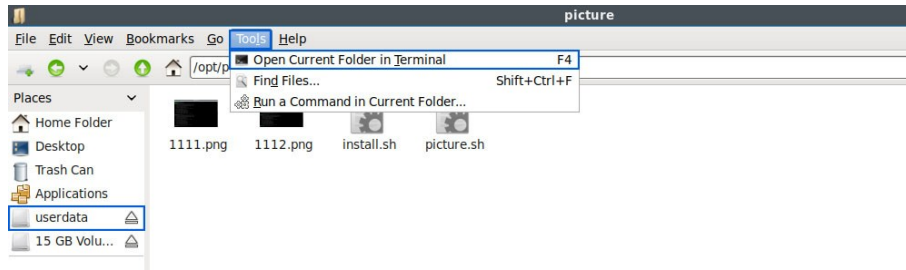


Figure 39 Open terminal

4. In the terminal, type "ifconfig" query the current router to the IP address assigned to the instrument, in this case, the IP address is "192.168.31.55";

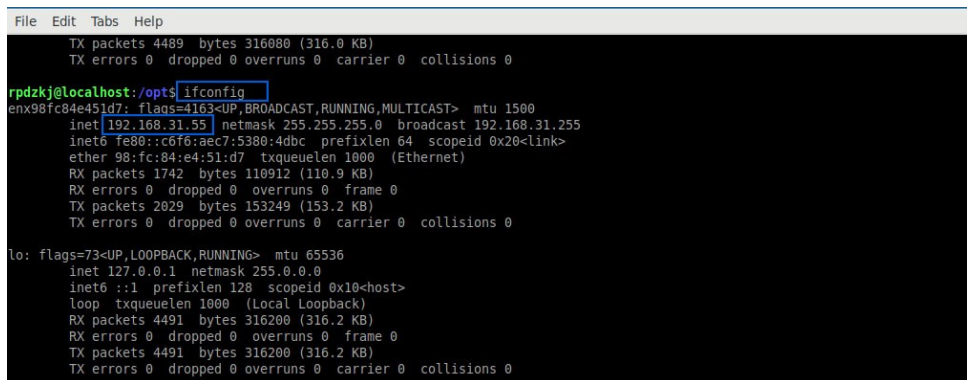


Figure 40 Query the dynamic IP acquired by the instrument

5. Connect the PC to the same router via Wi-Fi to ensure that it is on the same LAN as the instrument. Double-click to open the "configuration\Settings.ini" file in the directory of the PC host software, set Interface = ETH, Address = "192.168.31.55";
6. For the next steps, please refer to [step 5](#) to [step 6](#) of the chapter on the [Network port direct connection](#).



Figure 41 Remote control of PX instruments by LAN

12.3 OTG Connection

1. Connect the instrument's USB 3.0 interface (USB3) to the host computer's USB port using a USB cable;
2. Click "File" -> "Exit" in the menu bar to return to the instrument's desktop. Click the "OTG" icon on the desktop, and after the window pops up, observe the content of the window:
 - If the window displays "OTG is enabled," manually restart the instrument
 - If "OTG is disabled" appears, close the pop-up window, click the "OTG" icon again, and then manually restart the instrument

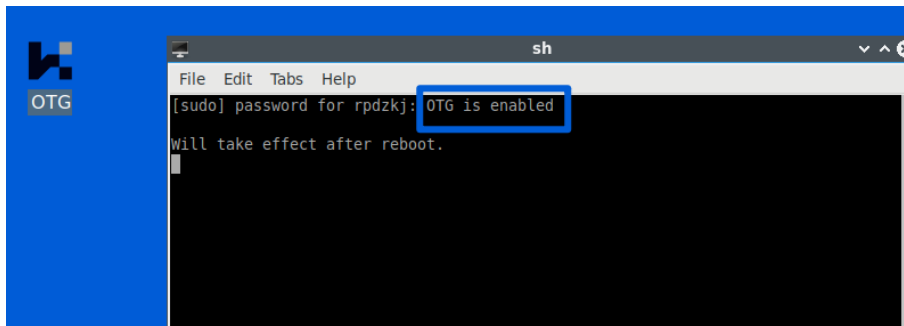


Figure 42 Check the OTG startup status

3. Refer to Steps 2 to 6 in the [Network port direct connection](#) section to configure the network and remotely control the instrument.

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